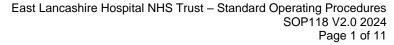


TRUSTWIDE PROCEDURE

	MEDICINES STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE
DOCUMENT TITLE	Prescribing and Administration of Topical Morphine Gel for painful skin lesions in palliative care
DOCUMENT NUMBER	SOP118 v2.0
DOCUMENT REPLACES	V1.0
LEAD EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DGM	Divisional Manager for Diagnostics and Clinical Support Services
AUTHORS	 Specialist Palliative Care Nurse Specialist Palliative Care Team Non-medical Prescribing Lead and Medicines Optimisation Specialist Clinical Pharmacist

TARGET AUDIENCE	 Registered Nurses Registered Nursing Associates Advanced Clinical Practitioners Medical Staff 			
DOCUMENT PURPOSE	To ensure that Topical Morphine Gel is prescribed correctly and administered safely and effectively to achieve optimal analgesia for palliative patients with painful cutaneous skin lesions.			
TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH	 Controlled Drugs Policy (C105) ELHT/ELCCG Joint Wound Care Formulary (July 2023) Hand Hygiene Policy (IC01) Incident Management Policy (CO03) Infection Control Policy (IC00) 			





	Medicines Management Policy (CO064) and its
	associated procedures
	 Procedure for Administration of controlled drugs to
	patients (SOP036)
	 Procedure for General Administration of Medication
	(MSOP059/CMSOP04)
	 Safe denaturing of Controlled Drugs (CDs) in the
	domiciliary setting following the death of a patient
	(CMSOP01)
	Standard (Universal) Infection Control Precautions
	(IC18)
	Waste Management (CO71)
	British National Formulary. 2023.
	https://bnf.nice.org.uk/drugs/morphine/. [Accessed
	22.11.2023]
	Care Quality Commission (CQC) requirements under
	Regulation 12: safe care and treatment specifies the
	expectations required that relate to medicines within
	sections 12(2)(f) and 12(2)(g)
	Woo KY, Krasner DL, Kennedy B, Wardle D, Moir O. 2015 Pollistive would earn management strategies for
	2015. Palliative wound care management strategies for palliative patients and their circles of care. Advanced
	Skin Wound Care. 2015 Mar;28(3):130-40
	 Palliative Care Formulary. 2023.
REFERENCES	https://www.medicinescomplete.com/#/content/palliative/
	morphine. [Accessed 22.11.2023]
	Palliative Meds Info. 2017. Question: What is the
	evidence for the use of Morphine Solution for Injection
	mixed in gel and applied topically? April 2017.
	Smith and Nephew. 2022. Intrasite Gel. Intrasite gel
	(smith-nephew.com). [Accessed 22.11.2023]
	Discala SL, Basri D, Vartan CM, Silverman MA. 2018.
	Use of Topical Morphine to Relieve Painful Pressure
	Ulcers. Consultant Pharmacist. Apr 1;33(4):215-221
	 The Royal Marsden Manual of Clinical and Cancer
	Nursing Procedures, 10 th Edition

CONSULTATION				
	Committee/Group Date			
Consultation	Specialist Palliative Care Team 18 th Dec 2023			
Approval Committee	Medicines Safety & Optimisation Committee	12 th December 2023		
Document ratification date	8 th March 2024			
Review Date	28 th February 2027			
AMENDMENTS:	V1.0 Replacing a treatment guideline V2.0 Included guidance on use of Cerner Millennium electronic prescribing powerplan to prescribe in hospital setting. Included reference to SOP036 to support the correct administration of CD			

Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)

For the prescribing and administration of Topical Morphine Gel

1.0 Name of Discipline and Clinic/ Department/ Organisation

- 1.1 For use across the Trust by:
 - Registered Nurses
 - Nursing Associates
 - Advanced Clinical Practitioners
 - Medical Staff
- 1.2 Trainees who have received training in wound care management as part of their preregistration course with direct supervision from a registered healthcare professional who is competent in the skill.
- 1.3 It excludes bank/agency/locum staff unless they can comply with all the requirements detailed in the SOP

2.0 Purpose of the Standard Operating Procedure

To ensure that Topical Morphine Gel is administered safely and effectively to achieve optimal analgesia for palliative patients with uncontrolled wound pain.

3.0 Criteria for Inclusion

- 3.1 Patients 18 years and over.
- 3.2 All patients MUST have been reviewed by a member of the Specialist Palliative Care Team.
- 3.3 There is a valid inpatient prescription or Medicines Administration Record (MAR) in place.
- 3.4 Patients who have a palliative diagnosis.
- 3.5 Painful cutaneous skin lesions e.g. fungating wounds, ulcers <10cm in diameter
- 3.6 Non-neuropathic, localised pain.
- 3.7 Opioid naïve patients only where the introduction of systemic opioids would be inappropriate or is refused by the patient.
- 3.8 Opioid tolerant patients only where side effects prevent adequate dose escalation of the systemic opioid dose.

4.0 Criteria for Exclusion

- 4. 1 Patients younger than 18 years old.
- 4.2 Patients with a known hypersensitivity to any ingredients of the product or excipients.
- 4.3 Absence of valid consent from the patient.
- 4.4 Any wound >10cm
- 4.5 More than 2 wounds <10cm



- 4.6 Wound is in or around the eyes.
- 4.7 The patient is receiving concurrent topical management for an infected wound.
- 4.8 Acute respiratory depression.
- 4.9 Severe impairment of the Central Nervous System (e.g. raised intracranial pressure or head injury).

4.10 Cautions

- 4.10.1 Intolerance to the systemic side effects of Morphine Sulfate.
- 4.10.2 Severe renal/hepatic impairment reduced doses may actually be used in preference to systemic treatments for this very reason but monitor carefully for signs of opioid accumulation and toxicity. Renal and hepatic impairment although the potential for systemic absorption is low (topical may be used in preference to systemic treatments for this very reason) the patient should still be monitored carefully for signs of opioid accumulation and toxicity.
- 4.10.3 Heavily bleeding or exuding wounds (due to the inability of the Topical Morphine Gel to adhere to the wound surface).
- 4.10.4 Concomitant use of MAO-inhibitors or within 14 days after discontinuation.

5.0 Characteristics of Staff Authorised to Administer under this SOP

Staff within agreed areas who:

- 5.1 Have successfully completed training in wound care and are deemed competent to complete the procedure.
- 5.2 Have successfully completed and are up to date with Medicines' Management e-Learning module. (Required every two years).
- 5.3 Have successfully completed and are up to date with BLS training.
- 5.4 Should have successfully completed Trust approved anaphylaxis training in the recognition and immediate treatment of anaphylaxis. (Available via learning hub. Anaphylaxis training is also included in other courses; Intermediate life support (adults and paediatrics), Advanced life support (adults and paediatrics) and IV therapies training)
- 5.5 Are aware of and compliant with ELHT organisational policies linked to this procedure.
- 5.6 Have access to and successfully completed continued departmental training or updates.

6.0 Description of the Medication					
6.1 Name of the medicine:	Morphine Sulfate 10mg/mL Injection &				
	Propylene Glycol Gel 8g (i.e. Intrasite Gel®).				
6.2 Legal Status of medicine	POM CD2 (Morphine Sulfate 10mg/mL Injection)				



	Mixed with				
	Medical Device Propylene Glycol Gel 8g (i.e. Intrasite Gel®).				
	To create unlicensed medicine				
6.3 Standard dose:	1.25mg/mL (0.125%) made by mixing 1mL of morphine sulfate				
	10mg/mL injection with 8g of Intrasite gel®				
	(In the hospital setting use the Morphine Gel powerplan to				
	support correct prescribing)				
6.4 Route of administration	Topical				
6.5 Frequency of	As per prescribers instruction.				
Administration	Standard frequency is once or twice daily but can be used up				
	to three times daily depending on response and wound				
	condition.				
6.6 Maximum total dose/	Three				
maximum number of doses					
that can be given in 24 hours:					

7.0 Details of Administration

The healthcare staff performing the procedure should:

- 7.1 Follow the Trust Standard Operating Procedure for General Administration of Medicines (SOP059/) in terms of ID check, informed consent, allergy status.
- 7.2 Record intensity and characteristics of pain experienced by the patient.
- 7.3 Prepare clean dressing field area.
- 7.4 Draw up 10mg/1mL Morphine Sulfate into sterile 10mL syringe and mix with 8g Intrasite Gel in sterile plastic container with sterile plastic probe.
- 7.5 Remove old dressing and irrigate/cleanse the wound with 0.9% Sodium Chloride.
- 7.6 Document the size, appearance, colour, odour and exudate from wound.
- 7.7 Apply Morphine Gel directly onto wound bed or onto non-adherent primary dressing (as per Trust wound care formulary. The amount of gel applied varies according to the size and the site of the lesion but is typically is 5–10mL.
- 7.8 Apply silicone foam secondary dressing as per Trust wound care formulary.
- 7.9 Dispose of any remaining mixture and any items which have been in contact with the Morphine into appropriate sharps container as per policy.
- 7.10 Check that the patient is comfortable, and the dressing is secure.



- 7.11 Record intensity and characteristics of pain experienced by the patient 2 hours after dressing change. Initially, patients should be monitored twice daily, using pain scores to measure any improvement or deterioration from baseline. If there has been no response after 3-7 days, treatment should be discontinued.
- 7.12 If prepared under sterile conditions, Morphine Sulfate is stable for at least 28 days when mixed with Intrasite gel at a concentration of 0.125% (1.25mg/mL).
- 7.13 Patients undergoing radiotherapy should wash off any topical preparation within treatment field prior to radiotherapy dose

8.0 Documentation

- 8.1 The healthcare staff must record the administration in the electronic drug chart in the hospital setting and Medicines Administration Record in the community setting.
- 8.2 They should record:
 - Name of the product
 - > The dose
 - The route
 - > The date and time of administration
 - Signature and printed name of the healthcare staff that administered the product. (The name of the healthcare staff administering the medicine will automatically be captured when using Cerner Millenium to document administration in the hospital setting)
- 8.3 Incident reports must be completed in the following instances:
 - Severe adverse reactions
 - Medicine errors
 - Sharps injuries

This list is neither definitive nor exhaustive.

9.0 Side Effects/Adverse Reactions

- 9.1 Adverse reactions should be reported immediately to a registered healthcare professional and an Incident Report (Datix) completed. For serious reactions complete a Yellow Card Alert.
- 9.2 Side effects include:
 - Itching at application site discontinue use immediately.
 - Hallucinations & Confusion.
 - Constipation.
 - Drowsiness.
- 9.3 Refer to current British National Formulary (BNF) or summary of product characteristics for all side effects and adverse reactions.



10.0 Dissemination and Implementation

- 10.1 This standard operating procedure sets out what is expected of Registered Nurses, Registered Nursing Associates, Advanced Clinical Practitioners and Medical Staff working in Primary and Secondary Care, when prescribing and administrating Topical Morphine Gel when dressing painful cutaneous skin lesions.
- 10.2 The SOP will be reviewed and revised by the review date or earlier in light of any near misses or significant events as appropriate and reflects the best practice and current evidence available at the time of ratification.
- 10.3 Managers are responsible for ensuring that they and the staff within their area of responsibility are aware of this SOP and enable adherence to it.
- 10.4 This SOP should be used / followed in the context of the current relevant medicines legislation, ELHT medicines policies & procedures and professional standards. Deviations to the SOP that do not conform to best practice must be risk assessed. It may be necessary to report as an incident deviation to any aspect of the procedure where patient safety is put at risk.
- 10.5 This SOP will be made available to appropriate staff via the Trust Intranet.
- 10.6 The Clinical Team Leader should ensure that the contents of this SOP are included within their induction and development programmes for appropriate staff with involvement in medicines administration.
- 10.7 The Clinical Team Leader will ensure practice has been reviewed at the PDR/appraisal.
- 10.8 Appropriate staff should read, agree to, and be authorised as competent before completing the procedure by another already competent practitioner.



11.0 Monitoring Compliance

The Trust will audit practice in accordance with this SOP via:

Aspect of compliance	Tool/Method of	Individual or group	Frequency of
being monitored	monitoring	responsible	monitoring
11.1 Incidents reported related to	Datix	Service or clinical Lead/Manager	With each incident
any aspect of the SOP		Medicines Safety Optimisation Committee (MSOC)	Monthly
11.2 Adherence to best practice in general	Nursing Assessment Performance Framework	Service or clinical Lead/Manager	Each NAPF inspection as per framework
administration of medicines	(NAPF) and Mini NAPF	MSOC	Monthly (mini NAPF
11.3 All staff who administer the medicine via this SOP meet the staff characteristics and have read, agreed and signed the SOP.	Audit of Appendix 1	Service or clinical Lead/Manager	Annually
11.4 All staff that have signed to use the SOP have been authorised to use the SOP by their manager	Audit of Appendix 1	Service or clinical Lead/Manager	Annually

11.5 Where standards are not achieved, action plans will be developed, and changes implemented accordingly by those with responsibility.



APPENDIX 1

MSSOP11 - Administration of Topical Morphine Gel

The SOP is to be read, agreed and signed by all healthcare staff to which it applies then also be authorised by their Service/Clinical Lead or Manager before it is used in clinical practice.

A copy of the SOP must be available to staff at the point of use.

Staff verified as competent and authorised to use this SOP:

Name of Staff	Signature	Date	Name of	Signature of	Date Signed
&	of Staff	signed	manager	Manager	
Discipline				authorising use	
				of SOP	

Those signed up to and authorised to use the SOP must be reviewed and updated at least annually by Service or Clinical Lead/Manager.

